

EQUIVALENTES

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{L(1+x^2-3x)}{2x-6} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2-3x}{2(x-3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x(x-3)}{2(x-3)} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}} \checkmark$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{L(x^2-15)}{L(3x-11)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2-15+1}{3x-11-1} =$$

APLICAMOS 2 VECES, EN LA
NUMERADORA Y DENOMINADORA,
LA PROPIEDAD (4).

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2-16}{3x-12} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x+4)(x-4)}{3(x-4)} = \boxed{\frac{8}{3}} \checkmark$$

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$$0 \rightarrow 0$$

$$1) L(1+0) \sim 0$$

$$2) e^{-1} \sim 0$$

$$3) a^{-1} \sim 0 \cdot L a$$

$$4) L 2 \sim \frac{2-1}{2-1}$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{L\left(\frac{x+6}{x-3}\right)}{e^{\frac{1}{x}}-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{x+6}{x-3} - 1}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{x+6-x+3}{x-3}}{\frac{1}{x}} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{9}{x-3} \cdot \frac{x}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{9x}{x} = \boxed{9}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{5-x}{6^{2x-8}-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-4) \cdot L5}{(2x-8) \cdot L6} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-4) \cdot L5}{2(x-4) \cdot L6} = \frac{L5}{2L6}$$